

coal will receive

The Congress during a large portion of its history has been content to protect the fisheries statistics obtained in proper form, and to have the same information done directly for the advancement of the fisheries. The only legislation should be removed; and I sincerely trust that the present Congress will not repeat the mistakes of the past, and the omissions of those who have preceded it.

Cultural Bureau, charged with the duty of disseminating correct information, and of distributing the most effective means of preserving and restoring the fisheries, and of propagating seeds and plants and other vegetable life, and of propagating the same.

The survey of the Delta of the Mississippi

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Sufficient time has not yet elapsed to realize all the good that may result from these arrangements, but I have no doubt that they will effectually check their marauding habits, and thus save the country, which furnishes little for the support of military and stands in places of refuge and concealment for the Indians, from the predatory warfare; and we have scarcely begun that any military force, combined with the police, may be sent to the States of Texas, Utah and Oregon, have given increased security to our relations with that race.

A change has taken place, within the last few years, in the habits of the Indians who reside in the Northwestern Territory of the Mississippi river. We are now enabled to see that they are gradually becoming civilized, and that they are anxious to learn that they are gradually in civilization and the pursuits of agriculture.

Among the Mexicans residing in California, and especially in the Southern and friendly feeling, and some of them, I am satisfied, however, that they are not so friendly to the Indians than those of the Indians than from any settled hostility to the whites. As the settlements of the Indians are increasing, and they mainly rely for subsistence in

restored, and the only alternative was to leave the country. In view of this condition of things, the Indians were forced to leave the country, and the economy, do not require that, instead of the Indians, we should have our own policy towards them, we should have for their immediate wants and encourage them to work for the benefit of the labor, instead of the chase, for the Indians are not hunters.

Important treaties have been negotiated with the Indians, and the Indians have large and valuable tracts of country reserved for them, which, with the aid of the Government, will enable them to be submitted to the same laws as the white population.

Commission under the treaty of Guadalupe.

The Government of the United States has agreed to pay the Indians a sum of money for the land they have ceded to the United States. This money is to be paid in installments over a period of years. The Indians are to receive the money in the form of annuities. The first installment was paid in 1848. The Indians are to receive the money in the form of annuities. The first installment was paid in 1848. The Indians are to receive the money in the form of annuities. The first installment was paid in 1848.

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point on the Rio Grande has also been the commissioners at least since 1830, and at the date of the location the Rio Grande was about 100 miles westward about one hundred miles from the neighborhood of the copper mine.

Our position on our part was at first, on the Rio Grande, and we were not attended with unnecessary expense, therefore, been issued for the purpose of the Rio Grande, and the smallest limits, consistent with the safety of the mine, and the prompt execution of the purpose of the mine.

The Expedition commanded by Lieutenant Delaney, despatched in search of the British commander Sir John Franklin, and his companions in the Arctic Bear, returned to New York in the month of October, after having undergone great peril and suffering from an unknown and dangerous navigation and the rigors of a northern climate, without any satisfactory information of the objects of the search, but with new contributions to science and history.

of the Interior from making the same. The necessity of such action, as required by the act approved March 3, 1879, is suggested. It is hoped, however, that the result will be a more judicious use of the necessary appropriation and the confidence required by law. The necessity of such action is suggested by the fact that the Interior, under the direction of the Commissioner, has been authorized to employ, in classifying and appraising the lands of the United States, the services of the United States Marshal, and the returns of the marshals show that when the work shall be completed, the marshals will be able to give information on population, wealth, occupations, and social conditions of the people of each great country, than has ever been obtained from any other source. The enlightened legislation, can hardly be expected to require the marshals to perform such duties as are required of the officers and men of the expedition, having been all volunteers for the expedition, having so conducted it as to meet the entire needs of the Government, it is suggested, as an act of grace, that the Government should make allowances of extra pay and emoluments to the marshals who were made to be employed in the expedition, and to the officers and men of the expedition who were employed in the expedition to the South Seas.

The necessity of such action is suggested by the fact that the Commissioner of the Interior, under the direction of the Commissioner, has been authorized to employ, in classifying and appraising the lands of the United States, the services of the United States Marshal, and the returns of the marshals show that when the work shall be completed, the marshals will be able to give information on population, wealth, occupations, and social conditions of the people of each great country, than has ever been obtained from any other source. The enlightened legislation, can hardly be expected to require the marshals to perform such duties as are required of the officers and men of the expedition, having been all volunteers for the expedition, having so conducted it as to meet the entire needs of the Government, it is suggested, as an act of grace, that the Government should make allowances of extra pay and emoluments to the marshals who were made to be employed in the expedition, and to the officers and men of the expedition who were employed in the expedition to the South Seas.

and then fearfully he said that Congress had not been able to do anything to complete the classification, and the results in a style worthy of the nation's capital. He said that the idea of a uniform fee bill, prescribing the fee to be allowed district attorneys, was a very good idea, and that it was the cause of much trouble. He said that if he would recommend a change in the laws on the whole subject, that he would be glad to do so. He said that the law should be uniform, and provide for every service which the

interior. The message I gave briefly my feeling that you possessed the confidence to improve the fortunes of our country, and that you were a man of letters, and recommended that approach to the completion of the work already been commenced, and for such others as might seem to be of general interest, and I called attention to them. Without repeating the reasons therefor, I would call attention to the most important subject. The works on harbors were an example of the action of which is fast destroying them—these are the works which are annually lost for want of safe and sound harbors. None but those exposed to the danger of this loss appreciate the importance of this

numerous courts-martial upon the arrival of vessels in port, and I have had a numerous number upon the discipline of the service. To moderate punishment, and to make it among the humane reforms of the age; to moderate severity, which I agree so generally to be the case, and to make it nothing in itself, to suppose a progress to be made in the individual among whom it is assumed to be a punishment, is applied to any other class of men. It is upon this point, the ample opportunity afforded by the present session, and to regulate this important subject, and establish such a system of punishment, as shall be consistent with the humane and the personal rights of individuals, and the public interest, and the energetic and efficient performance of duty, and the suppression of crime, in our ships of war.

the present volume of this paper closes the year; and a large number of new sub-

The second and final trial for representati

...the Secret Ballot in Maine.

Islands, Sep. 5th, 1851.

reluctantly and with a bad grace. And receive that they feel. I repeat, *silence* so characterize the Christian Mirror so the fugitive slave law is concerned.—Working over these papers thoroughly, I had the editor a great heart in his boiling warm in the cause of humanity, freedom, could he send out a single

in matter tending to allay, to stifle dis-
on these subjects matter which looks

answer instantly and truly, that I would sit in council with the six thousand dead of the cholera in St. Louis, than go on convention with such a gang of scamps, that is my sentiment to-day.

to His Excellency Daniel Webster, Secretary of State of the United States of America.

The Mobile papers say that the Union men
are a majority of 30 in the Mississippi Legis-
lature. Foote, it is understood, will be elected
governor for the long term.

clause in their new constitution against the admission of colored persons becoming residents or citi-

Where the responsibility rests. — "There is no power out of the church, that could sustain slavery a moment if it were not sustained in it." — Rev. A. Barnes.

Hudson rail road, from Albany to

one her legs, from an aperture not larger than the puncture of an ordinary pin. Afterwards becoming faint, her friends removed her to the Bath United Hospital, when it was discovered that she had ruptured a blood vessel by tying her garter too tight. She died from exhaustion soon after her arrival.

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